

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

The President yesterday nominated Paul Morrill as Surveyor of Customs at San Francisco. The appointment is a splendid one.

Evidence accumulates that a number of Democrats in Congress intend to defeat by filibustering the completion of the electoral count before the 4th of March. Their ability to do so is conceded, unless the thunderings of public sentiment shall deter many who now manifest a filibustering disposition.

The four-mile and repeat race at the Bay District track Thursday was won by Mollie McCarthy in two straight heats. Time—7:12, and 7:43.

The Oregon case still hangs fire. The Democrats claim official knowledge that the vote on throwing out Cronin's certificate will be 10 or 11 to 5 or 4 and, on counting the Watts vote the old story—8 to 7. A Democratic member of the Commission states that the question is already virtually decided, as eight of the members, including Bradley, have announced their opinion in favor of counting the three Republican votes.

About fifty Democrats are engaged in a conspiracy to prepare a bill looking for a new election next Spring and declaring the Secretary of State or Ferry President pro tem. The scheme is to be presented at the caucus. If overruled, the revolutionists will go on any way.

NO EXTRA SESSION.

It is very evident that the present Congress will close its labors without the enactment of any important laws that will benefit the people. Even the suggestions of the President relative to an early resumption of specie payments are not heeded. The inattention to other important matters woefully plain, and as there are but a few working days of the present session left, we may as well conclude that these will be monopolized by the electoral count. There will be no extra session, we take it, as Senator Sharon has telegraphed Congressman Wren that no special session would be called after the 4th of March in any event.

SHORTENING THE ATLANTIC PASSAGE.—Among the projects recently considered for shortening the ocean passage between Europe and America is that of constructing a railway across Newfoundland, connecting with swift steamers on the other side, thus shortening the ocean passage several days, as the trip from the island to Valentia Bay, Ireland, would only occupy three days. Another project, which would shorten the passage about one-half, is that of building a railroad from New Glasgow, Nova Scotia, to Whitehaven, the most easterly point on the continent, by which the ocean voyage would be shortened to five days.

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH IN AMERICA.—In reference to the growth of the Roman Catholic Church in America, the last issue of the *London Quarterly Review* states that a hundred years ago there was not more than 25 priests in the United States; in 1800 there were only 40; in 1830 the number had risen to 232; and in 1848 to 890. In ten years, from 1862 to 1872, the number of priests had more than doubled, having grown from 2,317 to 4,809. In 1875, according to the official statistics of the various dioceses, there were 5,071 priests, 1,273 ecclesiastical students, and 6,523 churches or chapels of the Roman Catholic rite within the territory of the Republic. There were also in that year 33 theological seminaries, 63 colleges, 557 academies, 1,645 parochial schools, 214 asylums, and 66 hospitals under the authority and control of the Catholic clergy of the United States.

There were filed Wednesday in the office of the California Secretary of State articles of incorporation of the Globe Gaslight Company of Nevada—to supply gas for the purpose of illuminating streets, building, etc., in the State of Nevada. Capital, \$1,000,000, in shares of \$10 each. Directors—J. J. Palmer, William N. Meeks, Israel W. Knox, Charles B. Kendell and John B. Meeks. The principal place of business will be in San Francisco.

THE "BABY ACT."

We find the following in our evening column of last night:

Our friend Columbus, on the back street, says we are entitled to "eternal damnation." He probably argues that it takes a man to undergo condemnation while a journalist who pleads the "baby act" should go free. And in another part of the same paper we find the following editorial: We acknowledge the receipt of a letter from Mr. W. E. F. Deal, of Lewis & Deal, Virginia City, asking certain questions which we think it right to answer. Briefly, then, we have always acknowledged these gentlemen as men of honor. We have never assailed them personally, nor made any misstatements in regard to the condition of affairs. Lewis & Deal have served Storey county well, but we hold that Storey's interests have changed and are not now the interests of the State. In discussing the proposition we naturally spoke of Lewis & Deal without a personal motive, and the position given to them is certainly that of Storey county.

Of course it must not be understood that the Smart Alec would plead any "baby act," but the people who read the above, and then read the annexed article, for which it is intended as an explanation, will be apt to think that the Smart Alec was pleading the "baby" or some other kind of an act of crawling, to get out of a libel suit.

In the Senate on Saturday last that body decided not to appropriate \$12,000 in payment of Lewis & Deal's services as attorneys for Storey county in the collection of the bullion tax. This conclusion was reached probably from a review of Lewis & Deal's position in relation to the matter. They were engaged ostensibly for the purpose of running the suit and compelling the militant kings of the bonanza to pay their taxes. The suit has been undecided, and in their favor, the recent decision of the Supreme Court alone remaining as a final decision in their favor. But now they come to their employers, whose suit is practically won, and beseech them to compromise.

Why? Does the suit look more unfavorable or do the attorneys tire of their well-paid duties? Having carried the question upon its merits to almost a successful decision, they now advise their client to satisfy their present needs at the cost of future prosperity and want. The Senate, very properly, refuses to pay these gentlemen for such services, and we hope will persevere in the idea that attorneys are hired to win cases, especially when law and facts are in favor of the plaintiff. The question comes up on reconsideration today, and we hope that these gentlemen may not be paid high fees for advocating the interests of capital against the honest farmers and laboring men of this State. Lewis & Deal are good attorneys, but it is not necessary for the State to pay them for arguing both sides of the case.

CABINET OFFICER FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.—Dispatches from Washington show that a vigorous effort is being made to have the Pacific Coast States recognized in the Cabinet of President Hayes. Senators Sargent and Booth having been suggested, they have announced that they cannot be tempted to leave the Senate. That is also the position of Senator Jones. Ex-Governor McCormick, of Arizona, is strongly supported, and will undoubtedly receive recognition—no man who can be named has superior qualifications for the Portfolio of the Interior Department.

Adam's First Wife's Revenge.

This is the old Hebrew cabalistic legend of Lilith, the first wife of Adam, as told by M. D. Conway, in his lecture on the devil: She was a cold, passionless, splendid beauty, with wondrous golden hair. She was created Adam's equal in every respect; and, therefore, properly enough, refused to obey him. For this she was driven from the garden of Eden, and Eve was created—made to order, so to speak—of one of Adam's ribs. Then the golden haired Lilith—jealous, enraged, pining for her first home in Paradise—entered in the form of a serpent, crept into the garden of Eden, and tempted Adam and Eve to their destruction. And from that day to this, Lilith, a cold, passionless beauty with golden hair, has roamed up and down the earth, snaring the sons of Adam, and destroying them. You may always know her dead victims, for, whenever a man has been destroyed by the hands of Lilith, you will always find a single golden hair wrapped tight around his lifeless heart. To this day many and many a son of Adam is lured to death and ruin from having the golden hair of a woman wrapped too tight around his heart.

A return of the steam power in use in France shows that it amounts to 31,500,000 men; tenfold the industrial population. The first steam engine in France came in 1783, from Boulton & Watt, of Birmingham, and was destined for the distribution of water in Paris, but the revolution knocked all industrial enterprise on the head, and it was not until 1824 that the construction of steam engines on an English scale began.

CARSON CORRESPONDENCE.

CARSON, Feb. 22, 1877.
Editor JOURNAL: Washington's Birthday is being patriotically celebrated by the citizens of the capital city—flags flying and banners waving, and a night of rejoicing and pleasure bids fair to eclipse the day. The Mexican War Veterans have arranged for a glorious time. Their grand ball of to-night will eclipse all former efforts in that line of amusement and will be grand, with the presence of the elite and beauty of the town, who will trip the light fantastic to sweet, entrancing music. Everybody and their cousin will be there.

The Legislature having adjourned for the day, and our law makers to a large extent, having left to celebrate it, we miss and lose their genial companionship.

To-morrow the Reno State Prison appropriation bill will come up. I learn your representative, Mr. Gladwin, will have a bill in the Assembly for an appropriation, and no doubt but it will pass.

I perceive by your paper of the 21st you have a libel suit on your hands for \$10,000 damages, for publishing an article on the 10th inst., containing a short paragraph of gossip in this town, from your correspondent. I regret that Mr. Thompson should have taken the slightest notice of the article, as it was not intended to, and could not injure his reputation, but was referred to as a rencontre with Deacon Parkinson, and abusive language used upon the occasion. Certainly your correspondent, having no knowledge of the matter but report, could not and did not write the paragraph referred to with the least intention of injuring Mr. Thompson, but simply as a matter of absurd gossip, its very absurdity being its own condemnation to the most casual reader.

The event of the season comes off to-day—the marriage of H. M. Yerrington to Miss Clara A. Bender, a sister of the banker of your town; a worthy couple, well matched. May their pathway through life be strewn with flowers and the gorgeous sun of prosperity accompany them in all the walks of life, is the wishes of your correspondent.

BOUND FOR 2:10.—Since Mr. Bonner gratified his own fancy, and at the same time produced a national sensation, by buying, for his private use the greatest trotter in the world, his passion for the best of their kind does not seem to have abated one iota. Meantime he has gathered about him such a stud of horses as can not be found elsewhere on the earth. At the head of this stud he has Everett and the famous young horse Starley; and from the selection of mares, we infer his purpose is now to breed a horse that trot in 2:10. This is the ultimatum of trotting speed, and he is not likely to be content until he reaches it.—*Wallace's Monthly.*

As an example of the frauds to which the charitable are constantly exposed, a Philadelphia lady, directress of a soup house in that city, says that instead of a pass book to record the number of quarts of soup served out daily to an applicant, a bank book was by mistake handed to her the other day, which showed several hundred dollars on the credit side.

The San Francisco *Hotel Gazette* asks: "Would it be proper to speak of Virginia City as the *Holy Land*?"

Go to Yankee Dodge's for heavy Horse Blankets at \$2 each; Rubber Wagon Covers at \$1 25 each, worth at Factory \$18 per dozen; Ladies' Lawrence Mill Hose at \$1 50 per dozen; Medicated Soap, for removing grease, paint, pitch or tar; also a splendid Toilet Soap, cures eruptions of the skin, chapped hands and the like. Agents supplied. Patent Stove Shelves, Coal Oil Stoves and a general assortment of Yankee Notions cheaper than the cheapest goods sold at wholesale and retail. Household Patents of all kinds. Now goods constantly arriving. Peddlers supplied at less than San Francisco prices. Store next door to Pollard House.

"ONE GOOD TURN DESERVES ANOTHER."—The above adage is most applicable to Messrs. Grey & Isaacs, dry goods merchants, Virginia street. Seeing since they have come amongst us, ladies have discovered to their joy that the prices in dry goods have fallen to one-half their original price, and still they tumble, as Grey & Isaacs are determined to still continue to load the dry goods trade of Reno, and with that aim in view they have marked down their entire stock to enable them to clear out all their Winter goods, so now is your opportunity ladies to buy dry goods at your own price, at the same time showing your appreciation for their past acts.

THE LEGISLATURE.

What was Done at Carson Friday.

Senate.

The whole morning session was consumed in filibustering efforts to hold back the bullion tax bill, which has been in the hands of the Judiciary Committee for seven days. Last Wednesday a resolution was passed requiring the committee to report on Friday.

When the reports were called for in regular order this morning, Baker, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, said that they were not yet ready to report the bill.

Cassidy offered a resolution requiring that the report be made immediately after recess.

The opponents of the bill, evidently with a desire to smother it in committee, fought desperately against the resolution, claiming that Friday did not expire until midnight and that at any time before that would be in compliance with Wednesday's resolutions.

The Senate fully passed Cassidy's resolution by 14 to 11.

Garrard, by leave, introduced a bill designed as a substitute for the Bullion-tax bill pending. It provides that in counties whose taxable property in 1876 exceeded \$5,000,000 the Commissioners shall not levy, for county purposes, more than fifty cents on each hundred dollars. Mr. Garrard said that there was no doubt that the present law did an injustice to the present mine owners as compared with the tax levied on the Shasta bonanzas, inasmuch as under the former law the county was limited to a tax of 25 cents on the \$100, while the existing law allowed a tax of \$1 50 for county purposes. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The Governor has approved Stewart's wife-beating bill.

LIST OF LETTERS.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE LIST OF UN- called for letters remaining in the Reno, Nevada, Postoffice, up to

Saturday, Feb. 23, 1877.

If not called for within one month they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Backman Mrs E	McConko Miss J
Benson C M	McCarthy J H
Burford Thos	Nimmo A J
Belmore Jos	O'Keefe D
Buchhalter G E	Peterson P
Baker Stephen	Proctor M
Campbell Jos	Proctor Jno
Carlsberg Miss L	Pitney V B
Collins Wm S	Proctor A A
Carr Chas W	Proctor Miss Dora
Cookrell Maggie	Reinhart A W
Dunning Geo	Stegule J E
Dunne John	Stewart Frank
Duffy W A 2	Stewart Miss Kate
Fletcher Wm	Sullivan M
Gunn M	Scout Thos
Helling Thos	Sanders Alex
Hicks H W	Seubill Wm
Johnson N P	Turner Frank
Johnson Miss A J	Turner J C Jr
Moore Jos	Watson R B
Meekes T C	Webster G
Magoon C	White Mrs A D
	White Miss Rosey

S. M. JAMISON, P. M.

DES. WAGAR & SHEETS, Mechanical and Surgical Dentists. Dental rooms east side of Virginia street with Dr. Bishop. All work pertaining to the teeth performed in a neat and satisfactory manner. The friends and patrons of either party can procure his services the same as ever.

AGENT.—Mr. W. J. Marsh has been appointed local agent for Reno of the well known musical house of Sherman & Hyde, of San Francisco. Therefore Mr. Marsh can sell you pianos, etc., on the same terms you obtain them below.

The National Gold Medal was awarded to Bradley & Rulison for the best Photographs in the United States, and the Vienna Medal for the best in the world.

429 Montgomery Street, San Francisco. m17

When you want to buy a first-class sewing machine, go to Jos. DeBell's on Virginia street and get a "Davis." For Beauty, Simplicity, Durability and Strength, they have no equal. Terms, easy. Machine needles and attachments kept on hand. Machines cleaned and repaired at the most reasonable rates.

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Fashionable

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Fine Custom-Made Clothing!

GENT'S FURNISHING GOOD

Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags

Etc., Etc., Etc.

BEN WOOD,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

Plans and Estimates Furnished.

FIRST CLASS WORK GUARANTEED AT

REASONABLE RATES.

Good References given. Rooms in Lep's building.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I HAVE NOW ON HAND THE

LARGEST AND FINEST

ASSORTMENT OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

IN RENO,

ALL FIRST QUALITY GOODS

WHICH I PROPOSE TO SELL

Ten Per Cent. Less Than Any

House in Town.

GENTLEMEN'S FINE SLIPPERS

—OF THE—

LATEST STYLES AND PATTERNS

—FOR—

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR

PRESENTS.

BOOTS AND SHOES

MADE TO ORDER AND REPAIRED

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ALWAYS ON HAND

Selling at San Francisco Prices.

JOHN SUNDERLAND.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

ALL MY PATRONS AND CUS-

tomers, as well as the community at large, are hereby notified, that I will sell my

COMPLETE AND ELEGANT STOCK

—OF—

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY, HOSIERY,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

WALL PAPER, CARPETS,

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

And in fact every article in my line, only so recently purchased, at prices less than they can be purchased in San Francisco. I am

Positively Determined to Close Out

My Business by March 1, 1877.

—AND—

GOODS WILL AND MUST BE SACRIFICED.

All parties wishing to purchase have now the

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY

As goods were never offered before at such

LOW FIGURES.

—AND A LIBERAL REDUCTION MADE.

—

Store and Fixtures For Rent or

Sale.

A NEW PREMISES.

JACOB P. ESCOTT

COMMERCIAL ROW, RENO, NEV.

Feb 24

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D. A. BENDER.

G. T. BENDER.

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American Exchange National Bank.	New York.

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NUTS,

—AND—

VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS.

—WHICH I WILL SELL—

At the Very Lowest Market Prices

